A NOVEL COMPOSITE HAVING SUPER HYDROPHOBIC PROPERTY

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Substitution compound of hydrogen atom of hydrocarbon by fluorine atom decreases its surface energy because of the strong covalency and small polarizability of the C-F bond. A typical hydrophobic material is polytetrafluoroethylene (Teflon).

The surface energy of material depends on the character of terminal group of the material, and decreases in order $-CH_2-\rangle-CH_3\rangle-CF_2-\rangle-CF_3$ and, the critical surface tension of $-CF_3$ is 6 dyn/cm.

Lately, we obtained a new result which the surface energy of solid surface is proportional to the suface fluorine atomic ratio on the surface. A contact angle of water on the surface of a new composite, which are made of highly fluorinated polymer and nickel was over 170 (for example Nickel plating: 67°, Teflon: 110°).

In this report , the preparation and surface property of new super hydrophobic metal-composite will be discusses.